

///alaysia

AGRICULTURE.MO.GOV

Opportunities

- The middle to upper class makes up 50% of the population in Malaysia which is a good indicator for potential market growth of high-value consumer products.
- Malaysia's food and beverage sales are estimated at \$16 billion and the sector has been growing 7% annually the past five years.
- Malaysia's tourism industry is the second largest foreign exchange earner with plans to generate \$42 billion for the country by 2020. This growth has subsequently fueled the growth of the food service industry.
- The Malaysian government has identified the processing industry as a priority sector for food industrial development and increased exports.

Sources: USDA, FAS, Export.gov

MALAYSIA IMPORTS ABOUT

TRADE POLICY

The United States is Malaysia's 3rd largest supplier of imports (8.3%).

Other main suppliers of imports are China (19.6%), Singapore (11.1%) and Japan (7.6%).

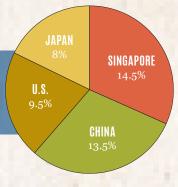
Malaysia is negotiating a Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership (RCEP),

a free trade agreement between the ten ASEAN members and six countries that ASEAN has prior FTA's with. RCEP members include: Australia, Brunei, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Japan, Laos, Myanmar, New Zealand, the Philippines, Singapore, South Korea, Thailand and Vietnam.

Malaysia is a member of the Comprehensive and Progressive Agreement for Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP-11) with 10 Countries:

Australia, Brunei, Canada, Chile, Japan, Mexico, New Zealand, Peru, Singapore and Vietnam.

MALAYSIA'S TOP TRADE PARTNERS





MALAYSIA IS THE WORLD'S 2ND LARGEST PRODUCER AND EXPORTER OF PALM OIL

Malaysia is responsible for 39% of the world's palm oil and 27% of the world trade in vegetable oil.

TRADE BARRIERS



Pork and pork products may be imported in Malaysia only if

Malaysia's Department of Veterinary Services issues a permit authorizing importation. Each consignment of pork must be accompanied by a valid import permit issued by Malaysian Quarantine and Inspection Services (MAQIS).



Malaysia requires labeling of food and food ingredients

that are obtained through modern biotechnology.

- Exempt from labeling requirement—highly refined foods (ex: vegetable oils)
- Labeling not allowed—"GMO Free" and "Non-GMO"

BEEF, LAMB, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCTS

MUST BE CERTIFIED HALAL











65% of Malaysia's population is Muslim.

EXPORTING TO



MALAYSIA RANKED #24

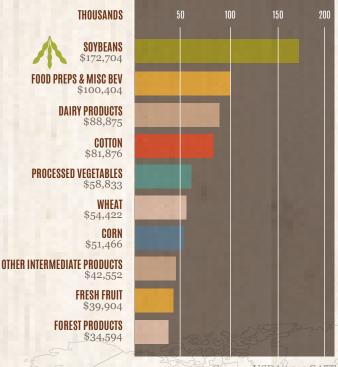
IN 2017 AMONG U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORT MARKETS

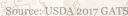


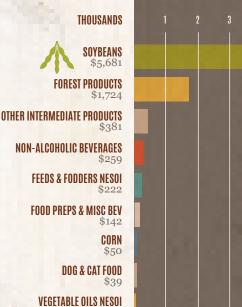
TOP 10 UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS TO MALAYSIA



TOP 10 MISSOURI AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS TO MALAYSIA







\$34

\$22

TOBACCO

Source: USDA 2017 GATS

\$924 MILLION THE TOTAL VALUE OF EXPORTS TO

MALAYSIA FROM THE U.S. IN 2017